Characteristics of good performance information	Developing good performance information
RELEVANT Performance information should clearly state who benefits and how they benefit from the entity's activities.	RMG 131: *Developing Good Performance Information* outlines the issues to consider when developing good performance information. A concise and measurable statement of the purposes of an entity underpins a robust performance reporting framework. Good performance information should enable stakeholders to assess how an entity's activities support the achievement of its purposes, and if there has been a proper use of public resources in undertaking these activities. The questions below, drawn from RMG 131 (page references noted), will help entities develop good performance information. **<u>Does the performance information:</u>** 1. Draw on qualitative and quantitative information to demonstrate the extent to which the purpose is being achieved through the activities being undertaken? (Pages 2-10,15-18,23,24,29,41)
RELIABLE Performance information should use information sources and methodologies that are fit-for-purpose and verifiable.	2. Demonstrate who is benefiting, and how they benefit from the activities being undertaken, including how the activities contribute to achieving a purpose? (Pages 15,16,19,20,25,26) 3. Enable an assessment of public resources being used effectively, efficiently, economically and ethically in striving to achieve the purpose? (Pages 4,11,20,27,28,41) 4. Report against appropriate baseline information and short, medium and long term qualitative and quantitative measures? (Pages 14,21,29,31,42) 5. Use appropriate qualitative and quantitative methodologies that are accurate and verifiable to support a rich performance story? (Pages 24,31,32)
COMPLETE Performance information should help stakeholders judge whether the purposes of an entity are being achieved.	6. Use all relevant data sources? (Pages 22,23,32) 7. Get published at an appropriate time and frequency to inform decision making and report short, medium and long term results of an activity? (Pages 4,11,31,41) 8. Reflect the joined-up nature of an activity? (Pages 24,25) 9. Enable comparisons across relevant entities and jurisdictions? (Pages 14,28,36) 10. Drive continuous performance improvement throughout the implementation of an activity? (Page 11)